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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/633,618	08/05/2003	Hoeseong Ha	Q75501	5390
23373	7590 10/04/2005		EXAMINER	
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			ABDULSELAM, ABBAS I	
SUITE 800	Evinimitiv Bivob, i.i.	••	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20037		2677	

DATE MAILED: 10/04/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
055 - 4 - 4' 0	10/633,618	HA, HOESEONG			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
•	Abbas I. Abdulselam	2677			
- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 April 2005.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 04/20/04/8-5-03	5) Notice of Informal Page 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by anticipated by Takahashi et al. (USPN 5923268).

Regarding claims 1 and 5, Takahashi teaches method of controlling a universal remote control for remotely controlling a plurality of equipment including a display apparatus, (Fig. 2 (201), key group) comprising the steps of: storing information on input buttons to be subsequently selected when an external input select button of the universal remote control is selected; (Fig. 1 (10), microcomputer 102, col. 2, lines 56-64) determining whether the stored information on the input buttons is information on input buttons related to selection of external inputs into the display apparatus; (the remote controller can be preset so that microcomputer 102 can generate a remote control signal code decodable by plurality of target device modes, col. 2, lines 49-64) changing an equipment mode of the universal remote control to a display apparatus mode when the stored information on the input buttons is the information on the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus; (col. 3, lines 5-15, different operation of modes, CD key of key group 201, VCR mode and TV mode) and transmitting key codes according to the stored information on the input buttons and the changed equipment mode of the universal remote control (col. 3, lines 42-57).

Regarding claim 5, Takahashi teaches transmitting key codes according to a current equipment mode of the universal remote control and the stored information on the input buttons when the stored information on the input buttons is not the information on the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus (col. 3, lines 42-65).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahashi et al. in view of Tetsuya (Japanese Publication # 08-237777).

Regarding claim 2, Takahashi does not teach, "restoring the equipment mode of the universal remote control to the stored unchanged equipment mode of the universal remote control, after the step of transmitting the key codes according to the stored information on the input buttons and the changed equipment mode of the universal remote control.

Tetsuya on the other hand teaches after a proper operation of a ten-key (4a), when a power key (3) to start transmission of a command code is operated within 10sec, a command code is preset and then preset mode is terminated and the mode restores to the usual mode.

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Takahashi's remote control shown in Fig. 2 to adapt Tetsuya's mode restoration as illustrated in Fig. 1 because restorable mode helps allow a remote controller to effectively output command signals as taught by Tetsuya.

Regarding claim 3, Tetsuya teaches the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs include at least one of a select button and a cancel button (Fig. 1 (8), a preset key).

Regarding claim 4, Tetsuya teaches the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs include direction buttons (Fig. 1(7), up-and -down keys).

3. Claims 6 and 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahashi et al. in view of Shibmiya (USPN 6795130).

Regarding claims 6 and 9, Takahashi teaches a method of controlling a universal remote control for remotely controlling a plurality of equipment including a display apparatus, comprising (Fig. 2 (201), key group) the steps of: displaying a menu list for selection of external inputs into the display apparatus and storing information on input buttons to be subsequently selected when an external input select button of the universal remote control is selected; (col. 2, lines 25-64) determining whether the stored information on the input buttons is information on input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus; (col. 2, lines 49-55) changing an equipment mode of the universal remote control to a display apparatus

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mode when the stored information on the input buttons is the information on the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus; (different operation modes, CD mode (201), VCR mode, and TV mode) and transmitting key codes according to the stored information on the input buttons and the changed equipment mode of the universal remote control, (col. 3, lines 42-67).

Takahashi does not teach performing cursor movement, or cancellation in the menu list for the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus.

Shibmiya on the other hand teaches The menu key (201f) which is a key for display of a menu screen of various settings and operations of the TV receiver and various settings can be made on the menu screen through manipulation of the execute key (201g) cursor key (201h), and cancel keys (201j) (Fig. 4 (201j, 201h, 201f), and col. 5, lines 24-27).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Takahashi's remote control shown in Fig. 2 to adapt Shibmiya's menu, cursor and cancel keys (201f, 201h, 201j) as configured in Fig. 4 because the use of menu key helps function a remote controller device more effectively as taught by Shibmiya.

Regarding claim 10, Shibmiya teaches the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs include at least one of a select button, a cancel button, and direction buttons (col. 5, lines 24-27).

4. Claims 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahashi et al. in view of Shibmiya (USPN 6795130) further in view of Tetsuya (Japanese Publication # 08-237777).

Regarding claim 7, Takahashi in view of Shibmiya does not teach, "restoring the equipment mode of the universal remote control to the stored unchanged equipment mode of the universal remote control, after the step of transmitting the key codes according to the stored information on the input buttons and the changed equipment mode of the universal remote control.

Tetsuya on the other hand teaches after a proper operation of a ten-key (4a), when a power key (3) to start transmission of a command code is operated within 10sec, a command code is preset and then preset mode is terminated and the mode restores to the usual mode.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify Takahashi's modified remote control shown in Fig. 2 to adapt

Tetsuya's mode restoration as illustrated in Fig. 1 because restorable mode helps allow a remote controller to effectively output command signals as taught by Tetsuya.

Regarding claim 8, Shibmiya teaches the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs include at least one of a select button, a cancel button, and direction buttons (col. 5, lines 24-27).

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Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The following arts are cited for further reference.

U.S. pat. No. 6,587,067 to Darbee et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,211,870 to Foster

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Abbas I. Abdulselam whose telephone number is (571) 272 7685. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:00 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala can be reached on (571) 273-7681. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Abbas Abdulselam

Examiner

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October 1, 2005

PRIMARY EXAMINER

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